By Chip Jams

Y.B. No. 2327

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

- 1 AN ACT
- 2 relating to the regulation of barbers, cosmetologists, and certain
- 3 hair care shops and salons; providing penalties.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. ADOPTION OF ACT. The Texas Barber and
- 6 Cosmetologist Act is adopted to read as follows:
- 7 Sec. 1. SHORT TITLE. This Act may be cited as the Texas
- 8 Barber and Cosmetologist Act.
- 9 Sec. 2. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:
- 10 (1) "Barber" means a person who practices barbering for
- 11 compensation.
- 12 (2) "Barbering" means:
- 13 (A) arranging, beautifying, coloring, processing, shaving,
- styling, or trimming a mustache or beard by any means or method;
- 15 (B) arranging, beautifying, bleaching, cleansing, coloring,
- 16 curling, dressing, dyeing, processing, shampooing, shaping,
- 17 singeing, straightening, styling, tinting, waving, or otherwise
- 18 treating hair as primary services, treatments, or undertakings by
- any means or method, including any bobbing, clipping, cutting, or
- 20 trimming of the hair as a necessary incident preparatory or
- 21 ancillary to the primary services;
- (C) cutting the hair as a primary service, treatment, or
- 23 undertaking and not as a necessary incident preparatory or
- 24 ancillary to those primary services enumerated in Subdivision

- 1 (2)(B) of this section, or primarily engaging in the occupation of
- 2 cutting hair or practicing primarily as a haircutter by cutting
- 3 hair as a separate and independent service, treatment, or
- 4 undertaking for which haircut a charge is made separate and apart
- 5 from any other service, treatment, or undertaking, directly or
- 6 indirectly, or in any manner whatsoever;
- 7 (D) cleansing, stimulating, or massaging the scalp, face,
- 8 neck, arms, shoulders, or that part of the body above the
- 9 shoulders, by means of the hands, devices, apparatus, or
- 10 appliances, with or without the use of cosmetic preparations,
- 11 antiseptics, tonics, lotions, or creams;
- 12 (E) beautifying the face, neck, arms, shoulders, or that
- part of the body above the shoulders, by the use of cosmetic
- 14 preparations, antiseptics, tonics, lotions, powders, oils, clays,
- 15 creams, or appliances;
- 16 (F) cutting, trimming, polishing, tinting, coloring,
- 17 cleansing, or manicuring the nails of any person or attaching false
- 18 nails;
- 19 (G) massaging, cleansing, treating, or beautifying the hands
- 20 of any person;
- 21 (H) administering facial treatments;
- 22 (I) hair weaving;
- 23 (J) shampooing or conditioning hair; or
- 24 (K) servicing a wig, toupee, or artificial hairpiece on a
- 25 human head or on a block, after the initial retail sale, by any of
- 26 the acts, services, works, treatments, or undertakings enumerated
- in Subdivision (2)(B) of this section.

- 1 (3) "Barber shop" means a place at which barbering is practiced for compensation.
- 3 (4) "Board" means the Texas Board of Barber and 4 Cosmetologist Examiners.
- 5 (5) "Person" means an individual, association, firm, 6 corporation, partnership, or other legal entity.
- 7 (6) "Cosmetologist" means a person who practices cosmetology 8 for compensation.
- 9 (7) "Cosmetology" means:
- 10 (A) arranging, beautifying, bleaching, tinting, cleansing, 11 coloring, dressing, dyeing, processing, shampooing, singeing, straightening, styling, waving, or otherwise treating the 12 13 hair as primary services, treatments, or undertakings by any means 14 or method, including any bobbing, clipping, cutting, or trimming of the hair as a necessary incident preparatory or ancillary to such 15 16 primary services;
- 17 (B) cutting the hair as a primary service, treatment, or undertaking and not as a necessary incident preparatory 18 19 ancillary to those primary services enumerated in Subdivision 20 (2)(B) of this section, or primarily engaging in the occupation of cutting hair or practicing primarily as a haircutter by cutting 21 22 hair as a separate and independent service, treatment, or 23 undertaking for which haircut a charge is made separate and apart from any other service, treatment, or undertaking, directly or 24 indirectly, or in any manner whatsoever; 25
- 26 (C) cleansing, stimulating, or massaging the scalp, face, 27 neck, or arms by means of the hands, devices, apparatus, or

- 1 appliances, with or without the use of cosmetic preparations,
- 2 antiseptics, tonics, lotions, or creams; beautifying the face,
- 3 neck, or arms by use of cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, tonics,
- 4 lotions, powders, oils, clays, creams, or appliances;
- 5 (D) removing superfluous hair from the body by the use of
- 6 depilatories or mechanical tweezers;
- 7 (E) cutting, trimming, polishing, tinting, coloring
- 8 cleansing, or manicuring the nails of any person; or attaching
- 9 false nails or massaging, cleansing, treating, or beautifying the
- 10 hands or feet of any person;
- 11 (F) administering facial treatments;
- 12 (G) hair weaving; or
- 13 (H) servicing a wig or artificial hairpiece on a human head
- or on a block subsequent to the initial retail sale by any of the
- practices enumerated in Subdivision (2)(B) of this section.
- 16 (8) "Beauty shop" means a place at which cosmetology is
- 17 practiced for compensation.
- 18 (9) "Public school" includes a public high school, public
- 19 junior college, or any other nonprofit tax-exempt institution
- 20 conducting a cosmetology program.
- Sec. 3. BOARD; MEMBERS. (a) The Texas Board of Barber and
- 22 Cosmetology Examiners is created.
- 23 (b) The board is composed of 12 members appointed by the
- 24 governor with the advice and consent of the senate and one ex
- officio member as provided by this subsection. Two members must be
- 26 cosmetologists licensed by this state who do not have beauty shop
- 27 permits or private beauty culture school licenses issued by this

One member must be a person who holds a beauty shop permit 1 2 issued by this state and who has no affiliation with, or interest a private beauty culture school. One member must be a person 3 who holds a private beauty culture school license and who has no affiliation with, or interest in, a beauty shop. Two members must be barbers licensed by this state who have at least five years' 6 7 experience in the practice of barbering and who do not have barber 8 shop permits issued by this state. One member must be a barber licensed by this state who has at least five years' experience in 9 10 the practice of barbering and who has a barber shop permit issued 11 by this state. One member must be a person who holds a permit issued by the board to conduct a barber school. 12 Four members must be representatives of the general public who are not regulated 13 14 under this Act and who do not have, other than as consumers, 15 financial interests in cosmetology or barbering. The associate commissioner for occupational education and technology of the 16 17 Central Education Agency, or that person's authorized 18 representative, is an ex officio member of the board with voting A person is not eligible for appointment as a public 19 member of the board if the person or the person's spouse: 20

- 21 (1) is licensed by an occupational regulatory agency in the 22 field of barbering or cosmetology;
- 23 (2) is employed by or participates in the management of a 24 business entity or other organization regulated by the board or 25 receiving funds from the board;
- 26 (3) owns, controls, or has, directly or indirectly, more 27 than a 10 percent interest in a business entity or other

- 1 organization regulated by the board or receiving funds from the
- 2 board; or

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- 3 (4) uses or receives a substantial amount of tangible goods,
- 4 services, or funds from the board.
- 5 (c) The governor shall attempt to balance the appointments 6 among the various geographical areas of this state.
- 7 (d) An officer, employee, or paid consultant of a trade
- 9 member or an employee of the board. A person who cohabits with or

organization in the field of barbering or cosmetology may not be a

- 10 is the spouse of an officer, managerial employee, or paid
- 11 consultant of a trade organization in the field of barbering or
- 12 cosmetology may not be a member of the board or an employee of the
- 13 board of grade 17 and over, including exempt employees, according
- 14 to the position classification schedule under the General
- 15 Appropriations Act.
- 16 (e) A member or employee of the board may not be, nor be
- 17 related within the second degree by affinity or consanguinity to, a
- 18 person who is an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a trade
- 19 association for barbers or cosmetologists.
- 20 (f) A person who is required to register as a lobbyist under
- 21 Chapter 422, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973
- 22 (Article 6252-9c, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), may not serve as
- a member of the board or act as general counsel to the board.
- 24 (g) The governor shall make appointments to the board
- without regard to the race, color, handicap, sex, religion, age, or
- 26 national origin of the appointees.
- Sec. 4. TERMS. Appointed members of the board hold office

- 1 for staggered terms of six years. Four appointed members' terms
- 2 expire February 1 of each odd-numbered year. In the event of a
- 3 vacancy during a term, the governor shall appoint a replacement who
- 4 meets the qualifications of the vacated office to fill the
- 5 unexpired part of the term.
- 6 Sec. 5. EXPENSES. A member of the board may not receive
- 7 compensation for service on the board. A member is entitled to
- 8 reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in
- 9 performing the functions of the board.
- Sec. 6. OFFICERS; QUORUM; MEETINGS. (a) The governor shall
- designate the presiding officer of the board from among the members
- of the board. The board shall annually elect from its membership
- other officers that the board considers necessary. The presiding
- officer shall have a vote on all matters before the board.
- 15 (b) A majority of the full membership constitutes a quorum
- 16 for the transaction of business.
- 17 (c) The board shall meet at least once each year. The board
- may meet at other times at the call of the presiding officer or as
- 19 provided by the rules of the board.
- 20 (d) The board shall develop and implement policies that
- 21 provide the public with a reasonable opportunity to appear before
- 22 the board and to speak on any issue under the jurisdiction of the
- 23 board.
- Sec. 7. GROUNDS FOR REMOVAL. (a) It is a ground for
- 25 removal from the board if an appointed member:
- 26 (1) does not have at the time of appointment the
- 27 qualifications required for appointment to the board;

- 1 (2) does not maintain during service on the board the 2 qualifications required for appointment to the board;
- 3 (3) violates a prohibition established by this Act; or
- 4 (4) fails to attend at least half of the meetings of the 5 board that are held during a calendar year.
- 6 (b) The validity of an action of the board is not affected
  7 by the fact that it was taken while a ground for removal of a
  8 member of the board existed.
- 9 (c) If the executive director knows that a potential ground 10 for removal exists, the executive director shall notify the 11 presiding officer of the board of the ground. The presiding 12 officer shall notify the governor that a potential ground for 13 removal exists.
- Sec. 8. GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES OF BOARD. (a) The board shall establish the qualifications for applicants for licenses, certificates, and permits issued under this Act.
- (b) The board may revoke, suspend, or deny a license, certificate, or permit, place on probation a person regulated under this Act whose license or permit has been suspended, or reprimand a person regulated under this Act for a violation of this Act or a rule adopted under this Act.
- (c) If the board proposes to suspend or revoke a person's license, certificate, or permit, the person is entitled to a hearing before the board or a hearings officer appointed by the board. All final decisions to suspend or revoke shall be made by the board.
- 27 (d) The board shall prescribe the minimum curricula of the

- 1 subjects and hours taught by barber schools and beauty culture
- 2 schools.
- 3 (e) In conjunction with the Texas Department of Health, the
- 4 board shall adopt rules relating to sanitary practices in
- 5 facilities regulated under this Act.
- 6 (f) The board shall prepare information of consumer interest
- 7 describing the functions of the board and the legal rights of
- 8 consumers as affected by this Act. The information must describe
- 9 the procedure by which a consumer complaint is filed with and
- 10 resolved by the board. The board shall make the information
- 11 available to the general public and to appropriate state agencies.
- 12 If a written complaint is filed with the board, the board shall
- 13 notify the complainant of the status of the complaint at least as
- often as quarterly until the complaint is resolved. The board
- shall keep an information file about each complaint filed with the
- board relating to a licensee or entity regulated by the board.
- 17 (g) The board, or any authorized inspector or other
- 18 representative of the board, may enter the premises of any person
- 19 who holds a license, permit, or certificate under this Act at any
- 20 time during normal business hours to determine whether or not the
- 21 person is in compliance with this Act and the rules adopted under
- 22 this Act.
- 23 (h) The board is subject to the open meetings law, Chapter
- 24 271, Acts of the 60th Legislature, Regular Session, 1967 (Article
- 25 6252-17, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), and the Administrative
- 26 Procedure and Texas Register Act (Article 6252-13a, Vernon's Texas
- 27 Civil Statutes).

- 1 (i) The board may not adopt rules restricting competitive
- 2 bidding or advertising by a person regulated by the board except to
- 3 prohibit false, misleading, or deceptive practices by the person.
- 4 The board may not include in its rules to prohibit false,
- 5 misleading, or deceptive practices a rule that:
- 6 (1) restricts the person's use of any medium for
- 7 advertising;
- 8 (2) restricts the person's personal appearance or use of the
- 9 person's voice in an advertisement;
- 10 (3) relates to the size or duration of an advertisement by
- 11 the person; or
- 12 (4) restricts the person's advertisement under a trade name.
- 13 (j) The board shall provide to its members and employees as
- often as is necessary information regarding their qualifications
- under this Act and their responsibilities under applicable laws
- 16 relating to standards of conduct for state officers or employees.
- 17 (k) The board shall file annually with the governor and the
- 18 presiding officer of each house of the legislature a complete and
- 19 detailed written report accounting for all funds received and
- 20 disbursed by the board during the preceding year. The form of the
- 21 annual report and the reporting time shall be that provided in the
- 22 General Appropriations Act.
- Sec. 9. FEES; AUDIT. (a) If the General Appropriations Act
- does not specify the amount of any applicable fees, the board shall
- 25 establish reasonable and necessary fees for the adminstration of
- 26 this Act. The board may not maintain unnecessary fund balances,
- and fee amounts shall be set in accordance with this prohibition.

- 1 (b) All sums of money paid to the board under this Act shall
- 2 be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the general
- 3 revenue fund.
- 4 (c) The state auditor shall audit the financial transactions
- of the board at least once during each biennium.
- 6 Sec. 10. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR; STAFF. (a) The board may
- 7 employ an executive director who serves as the executive head of
- 8 the board and performs its administrative duties.
- 9 (b) The executive director may employ other personnel as
- 10 necessary to administer the functions of the board.
- 11 (c) The executive director of the board or that person's
- designee shall develop and implement policies that clearly define
- the respective responsibilities of the governing body of the board
- 14 and the staff of the board.
- 15 (d) The executive director or that person's designee shall
- 16 develop an intra-agency career ladder program, one part of which
- 17 shall require the intra-agency posting of all nonentry level
- 18 positions concurrently with any public posting.
- 19 (e) The executive director or that person's designee shall
- 20 develop a system of annual performance evaluations based on
- 21 measurable job tasks. All merit pay for board employees must be
- 22 based on the system established under this section.
- 23 (f) The executive director or that person's designee shall
- 24 prepare and maintain a written policy statement to assure
- 25 implementation of a program of equal employment opportunity whereby
- 26 all personnel transactions are made without regard to race, color,
- 27 handicap, sex, religion, age, or national origin. The policy

- 1 statement shall include:
- 2 (1) personnel policies, including policies relating to
- 3 recruitment, evaluation, selection, appointment, training, and
- promotion of personnel;
- 5 (2) a comprehensive analysis of the board's work force that
- 6 meets federal or state guidelines;
- 7 (3) procedures by which a determination can be made of
- 8 significant under-utilization, in the board's work force, of all
- 9 persons of whom federal or state guidelines encourage a more
- 10 equitable balance; and
- 11 (4) reasonable methods to appropriately address areas of
- 12 significant under-utilization, in the board's work force, of all
- 13 persons of whom federal or state guidelines encourage a more
- 14 equitable balance.
- 15 (g) The policy statement shall be filed with the governor's
- office. The policy statement shall cover an annual period and be
- 17 updated at least annually. The governor's office shall develop a
- 18 biennial report to the legislature based on the information
- 19 submitted. The report may be made separately or as a part of other
- 20 biennial reports made to the legislature.
- Sec. 11. PROHIBITED ACTS. (a) A person may not act or
- represent himself or herself as a barber or a cosmetologist unless
- 23 the person holds the appropriate license issued under this Act.
- 24 (b) A person may not act as an instructor in a barber
- 25 school, private beauty culture school, or public school barbering
- or cosmetology program unless the person holds an instructor
- 27 license issued under this Act.

- 1 (c) A person may not practice a specialty under Section 16
- of this Act unless the person holds a specialty certificate issued
- 3 under this Act.
- 4 (d) A person may not own, operate, or manage a barber shop,
- 5 beauty shop, or specialty shop unless the owner, operator, or
- manager of the shop has a license issued under this Act for the
- 7 shop.
- 8 Sec. 12. EXEMPTIONS; GRANDFATHER CLAUSE. (a) This Act does
- 9 not apply to:
- 10 (1) a person who is a physician, dentist, chiropodist,
- 11 chiropractor, osteopath, or nurse licensed under the law of this
- 12 state if the person does not hold himself or herself out as a
- 13 barber or cosmetologist;
- 14 (2) a person who only applies makeup for compensation if the
- 15 person does not hold himself or herself out as a barber or
- 16 cosmetologist;
- 17 (3) a person who is a commissioned or authorized medical or
- 18 surgical officer of the United States Army, Navy, or Marine
- 19 Hospital Service if the person does not hold himself or herself out
- 20 as a barber or cosmetologist;
- 21 (4) a person volunteering services or an employee performing
- 22 regular duties at a licensed nursing or convalescent custodial or
- 23 personal care home when recipients of the services are patients
- 24 residing in the home; or
- 25 (5) a person who owns, operates, or manages a licensed
- 26 nursing, convalescent, custodial, or personal care home that allows
- 27 a person who holds a license or certificate under this Act to

- 1 perform services for patients residing in the home on an occasional 2
- (b) Until January 1, 1988, a person registered before the effective date of this Act as a Class A barber by the State Board 4 5 of Barber Examiners may act as a barber without holding a barber operator license issued under this Act. The board shall issue a 7 barber operator license to each registered Class A barber who 8 complies with the license application requirements of this Act who pays to the board a license fee before January 1, 1988. 9 The 10 board may suspend or revoke a Class A barber's registration on the same grounds that the board may revoke a barber operator license 11 under this Act. 12
- (c) Until January 1, 1988, a person licensed before 13 the 14 effective date of this Act as a cosmetology operator by the Texas Cosmetology Commission may act as a cosmetologist without holding a 15 cosmetology operator license issued under this Act. 16 The board 17 shall issue a cosmetology operator license to each licensed cosmetology operator who complies with the license application 18 19 requirements of this Act and who pays to the board a license fee 20 before January 1, 1988. The board may suspend or revoke a 21 cosmetology operator license issued before the effective date of 22 this Act on the same grounds that it may revoke a license 23 under this Act.
- 24 (d) Until January 1, 1988, a person who holds a specialty 25 certificate issued by the board may, before the expiration date of 25 that certificate, receive an equivalent certificate by complying 27 with the following guidelines:

- 1 (1) sending the renewal portion of the specialty certificate 2 to the board along with a valid health certificate; and
- 3 (2) paying a certification fee set by the board.
- (e) Until January 1, 1988, a person who holds a beauty shop
  license issued by the Texas Cosmetology Commission before the
  effective date of this Act may own, operate, or manage a beauty
  shop without holding a beauty shop license issued under this Act.

  The board may suspend or revoke a beauty shop license on the same
  grounds that it may revoke a beauty shop license under this Act.
- of a barber shop who holds a permit issued by the State Board of
  Barber Examiners may own, operate, or manage a barber shop without
  holding a permit issued under this Act. The board may suspend or
  revoke a barber shop permit issued by the State Board of Barber
  Examiners on the same grounds that the board may revoke a barber
  shop license under this Act.
- 17 Sec. 13. TYPES OF LICENSES; LICENSE REQUIREMENTS. (a)
  18 Licenses issued under this Act are of the following types:
- 19 (1) barber operator license;
- 20 (2) cosmetology operator license;
- 21 (3) barber instructor license; and
- 22 (4) cosmetology instructor license.
- 23 (b) A person who applies for a license under this Act must
  24 file a written application with the board on a form provided by the
  25 board, together with the application fee set by the board. The
  26 application must show to the satisfaction of the board that the
  27 applicant meets the requirements established by this Act for a

- license. Each applicant must also pass a licensing examination as
- 2 provided by Section 14 of this Act. The board shall issue an
- 3 appropriate license to an individual who possesses the necessary
- 4 requirements, passes the appropriate licensing examination, and
- 5 pays the required fees. A person who wishes to practice in more
- 6 than one capacity must pass the appropriate examination for each
- 7 capacity.
- 8 (c) Except as provided by Subsection (d) of this section, an
- 9 applicant for a license must be at least 16 years old and must have
- 10 at least a seventh-grade education.
- 11 (d) An applicant for a license as a barber instructor or a
- 12 cosmetology instructor must be at least 18 years old and must have
- 13 at least a secondary school education.
- 14 (e) An applicant for a barber operator license must present
- evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has graduated
- from an approved course of instruction in a barber school regulated
- 17 under this Act or a public school barbering program.
- 18 (f) An applicant for a barber instructor license must
- 19 present evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant holds
- 20 a valid barber operator license issued under this Act and either
- 21 has completed a postgraduate course of instruction of not less than
- 22 six months in a barber school regulated under this Act or in a
- 23 public school barbering program, or otherwise possesses sufficient
- 24 experience and skill to practice as an instructor. The board shall
- 25 issue a barber instructor license to an applicant who presents
- 26 satisfactory evidence, meets the other requirements of this
- 27 section, and passes the instructor examination as provided by

Section 14 of this Act.

- 2 (g) An applicant for a cosmetology operator license must 3 present evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has 4 completed at least 1,500 hours of instruction in an approved course 5 of instruction in a private beauty culture school regulated under 6 this Act or at least 1,000 hours of instruction in a public school 7 cosmetology program, plus 500 hours of related high school courses 8 prescribed by the board.
  - (h) An applicant for a cosmetology instructor license must present evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant holds a valid cosmetology operator license and either has completed a postgraduate course of instruction of not less than six months or 750 hours of instruction in a private beauty culture school regulated under this Act or a public school cosmetology program, or otherwise possesses sufficient experience and skill to practice as an instructor. The board shall issue an instructor license to an applicant who presents satisfactory evidence, meets the other requirements of this section, and passes the instructor examination as provided by Section 14 of this Act.
  - (i) Each applicant for a license under this section must present evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has passed a health examination conducted by a physician licensed to practice medicine in this state. The evidence must be submitted in writing and must be signed by the examining physician. The evidence must document that the applicant is free from any contagious or infectious disease.
- Sec. 14. EXAMINATION. (a) Each applicant for a license

- 1 under this Act must pass a written examination prescribed by the
- 2 board. An applicant shall apply to take the examination on a form
- 3 prescribed by the board not later than the 10th day before the date
- 4 on which the examination is scheduled. The examination application
- 5 must be accompanied by a fee set as provided by this Act.
- 6 (b) The board shall prescribe the content of the examination
- 7 and shall include in the examination a practical demonstration of
- 8 haircutting and hairstyling by the applicant and a written
- 9 examination that tests the knowledge of the applicant about hair
- and scalp diseases, sterilization of equipment used in barbering or
- 11 cosmetology, and chemicals and tints used in barbering or
- 12 cosmetology. The board shall determine the standards for
- acceptable performance on the examination.
- 14 (c) The board shall determine the times and places for
- licensing examinations. The examinations must be offered at least
- 16 four times a year. The board shall give reasonable public notice
- of the examinations in the manner provided by its rules.
- 18 (d) The board shall notify each examinee of the results of
- 19 the examination not later than 30 days after the examination date.
- 20 However, if an examination is graded or reviewed by a national
- 21 testing service, the board shall notify examinees of the results of
- 22 the examination not later than the 14th day after the day on which
- 23 the board receives the results from the testing service. If the
- 24 notice of the examination results will be delayed for longer than
- 90 days after the examination date, the board, before the 90th day,
- shall notify the examinees of the reason for the delay.
- (e) If a person fails the examination and reapplies, the

- 1 board shall administer to the person only the parts of the
- 2 examination failed by the person on the previous examination. The
- 3 board may assess an additional examination fee.
- 4 (f) If requested in writing by a person who fails an
- 5 examination administered under this Act, the board shall furnish
- 6 the person with an analysis of the person's performance on the
- 7 examination.
- 8 Sec. 15. LICENSE. (a) The board shall issue the
- 9 appropriate license to a person who complies with the license
- 10 application requirements of Section 13 of this Act, passes the
- examination administered under Section 14 of this Act, and pays the
- 12 required license fee.
- 13 (b) The board may issue a duplicate license to a person who
- 14 holds a license, applies for a duplicate, and pays the duplicate
- 15 license fee.
- 16 (c) A person who holds a license under this Act shall
- publicly display the license near the work-chair used by the person
- in a barber or beauty shop.
- 19 Sec. 16. SPECIALTY CERTIFICATES. (a) A person may not
- 20 perform an activity classified as a specialty under this Act
- 21 without a specialty certificate issued by the board. Specialties
- 22 under this Act are of the following classes:
- 23 (1) manicuring;
- 24 (2) hair conditioning and shampooing;
- 25 (3) wig care; and
- 26 (4) facial care.
- 27 (b) A person who holds a license issued under this Act is

- eligible for a specialty certificate without examination on payment
- of an application fee.
- A person who does not hold a license issued under 3 this Act may apply for a specialty certificate by filing a written 4 5 application with the board on a form provided by the board, with the application fee set by the board. 6 together The 7 application must show to the satisfaction of the board that the applicant meets the requirements established by this Act for a 8 9 specialty certificate. Each applicant must also demonstrate to the 10 board satisfactory performance of the appropriate skills in a practical examination administered by the board. The board shall 11 12 issue an appropriate certificate to an individual who possesses the 13 necessary requirements, passes the examination, and pays the 14 A person who wishes to practice more than one required fees. specialty must pass the appropriate examination for each specialty. 15
- 16 (d) An applicant for a specialty certificate must be at least 16 years old and must have at least a seventh-grade education.
- 19 (e) An applicant for a specialty certificate must submit a 20 health certificate to the board in the manner provided by Section 21 13(i) of this Act.
- Sec. 17. RECIPROCITY. The board shall issue a license or a specialty certificate without examination to a person who is licensed or otherwise regulated as a barber or cosmetologist by another country, another state, the District of Columbia, or a commonwealth or territory of the United States whose requirements for licensing or regulation were on the date of the licensing or

- 1 regulation substantially equal to those prescribed by this Act.
- 2 Such an applicant is entitled to a license or certificate on
- 3 submission of an application form and payment of an administrative
- 4 fee.
- 5 Sec. 18. RENEWAL. (a) A license or specialty certificate
- 6 issued under this Act expires two years from the date of issuance.
- 7 A licensee may renew the license by applying for renewal on a form
- 8 provided by the board and paying the renewal fee set by the board.
- 9 Each applicant for renewal must submit a current health certificate
- in the manner provided by Section 13(i) of this Act.
- 11 (b) A license or certificate that has been expired for 90
- days or less may be renewed through the normal renewal process plus
- payment of a delinquency fee equal to one-half of the examination
- 14 fee.
- 15 (c) A license or certificate that has been expired for
- longer than 90 days but less than two years may be renewed by
- 17 paying to the board all unpaid renewal fees and a delinquency fee
- that is equal to the examination fee for the license.
- 19 (d) If a person's license or certificate has been expired
- 20 for two years or longer, the person may not renew the license or
- 21 certificate. The person may obtain a new license or certificate by
- submitting to reexamination and complying with the requirements and
- 23 procedures for obtaining an original license or certificate.
- 24 However, the board may renew without reexamination an expired
- 25 license or certificate of a person who held a license or
- certificate in this state, moved to another state, and is currently
- 27 licensed or certified and has been in practice in the other state

- for the two years preceding application. The person must pay to
- 2 the board a fee that is equal to the examination fee for the
- 3 license or certificate.
- 4 (e) At least 30 days before the expiration of a person's
- 5 license or certificate, the board shall send written notice of the
- 6 impending expiration to the person at the person's last known
- 7 address.
- 8 Sec. 19. BARBER SCHOOL; PERMIT. (a) A person may not
- 9 operate a barber school in this state unless the person obtains a
- 10 barber school permit as provided by this section.
- 11 (b) To be eligible for a barber school permit, the applicant
- must present evidence satisfactory to the board that the proposed
- 13 school meets the requirements of this section. The board shall
- 14 issue a permit to an applicant who applies to the board on a form
- provided by the board, passes a board inspection, presents
- 16 satisfactory evidence, and pays the application fee, inspection
- fee, and permit fee set by the board.
- 18 (c) Each applicant shall provide the board with:
- 19 (1) a detailed drawing and chart of the proposed physical
- 20 layout of the school;
- 21 (2) photographs of the proposed site for the school,
- 22 including the interior and exterior of the building;
- 23 (3) a detailed copy of the training program;
- 24 (4) a copy of the school catalogue and promotional
- 25 literature;
- 26 (5) if the building is not owned by the applicant, a copy of
- 27 the lease; and

- 1 (6) a sworn statement of ownership.
- 2 (d) To be eligible for a permit, each barber school must
- 3 have:
- 4 (1) an adequate school site housed in a substantial building
- of permanent construction that contains not less than 2,800 square
- 6 feet of floor space divided into a senior department, a junior
- 7 department, a class theory room, a supply room, an office, a
- 8 dressing room and coatroom, and two modern restrooms;
- 9 (2) a hard-surfaced floor covering of tile or other suitable
- 10 material;
- 11 (3) not less than 20 modern barber chairs with a cabinet and
- 12 mirror for each chair;
- 13 (4) not less than one sink for each two chairs;
- 14 (5) a liquid sterilizer for each chair;
- 15 (6) an adequate number of latherizers, vibrators, and hair
- dryers for the use of the students;
- 17 (7) adequate lighting facilities;
- 18 (8) adequate classroom furnishings for the class theory
- 19 room, including at least 20 classroom chairs, a blackboard,
- 20 anatomical charts of the head, neck, and face, and one barber
- 21 chair;
- 22 (9) a library accessible to students equipped with a medical
- 23 dictionary and a standard work on human anatomy;
- 24 (10) adequate drinking fountain facilities on each floor;
- 25 (11) adequate restroom facilities for the students; and
- 26 (12) adequate fire protection facilities on each floor.
- 27 (e) Each barber school shall place a sign in a prominent

- location on the outside of its building that reads "BARBER
- 2 SCHOOL--STUDENT BARBERS," in a minimum size of 10-inch block
- 3 letters. The school shall place printed signs with the same
- 4 information inside the school.
- 5 (f) If a barber school changes ownership, the permittee
- 6 shall notify the board of the change not later than the 10th day
- 7 after the day on which the ownership is transferred.
- 8 (g) A permittee that wishes to change the location of a
- 9 barber school must first obtain board approval of the site in the
- 10 manner provided by Subsection (c) of this section.
- 11 (h) Each barber school must be under the direct supervision
- 12 and control of a person who holds a barber instructor license
- issued under this Act.
- 14 (i) A barber school shall instruct students in the theory
- and practice of subjects considered necessary and beneficial by the
- 16 board, including:
- 17 (1) scientific fundamentals of barbering;
- 18 (2) hygienic bacteriology;
- 19 (3) histology of the hair, skin, muscles, and nerves;
- 20 (4) the structure of the head, neck, and face;
- 21 (5) elementary chemistry relating to sterilization and
- 22 antiseptics;
- 23 (6) common disorders of the skin and hair;
- 24 (7) massage of the muscles of the scalp, face, and neck;
- 25 (8) haircutting;
- 26 (9) shaving;
- 27 (10) shampooing, bleaching, and dyeing of the hair;

- 1 (11) manicuring;
- 2 (12) administration of facial treatments;
- 3 (13) hair weaving; and
- 4 (14) wig care and servicing.
- 5 (j) Each barber school shall devote a minimum of five 6 one-hour periods each week to classroom instruction and shall
- 7 provide practical instruction in work over the chair on Saturdays.
- 8 The school shall maintain a recordbook of each student's daily
- 9 attendance subject to inspection by the board.
- 10 (k) A student is eligible for a certificate of graduation
- from a barber school on satisfactory completion of a course of
- instruction of not less than 1,500 hours in courses approved by the
- 13 board, including not less than 800 hours of practical instruction
- in the actual cutting of hair.
- 15 (1) A permit issued under this section is subject to annual
- 16 renewal.
- 17 Sec. 20. PRIVATE BEAUTY CULTURE SCHOOL; PERMIT. (a) A
- 18 person may not operate a private beauty culture school in this
- 19 state unless the person obtains a private beauty culture school
- 20 permit as provided by this section.
- 21 (b) To be eligible for a private beauty culture school
- 22 permit, the applicant must present evidence satisfactory to the
- 23 board that the proposed school meets the requirements of this
- 24 section. The board shall issue a permit to an applicant who
- 25 applies to the board on a form provided by the board, passes a
- 26 board inspection, presents satisfactory evidence, and pays the
- application fee, inspection fee, and permit fee set by the board.

- 1 (c) Each application must be verified and must provide:
- (1) a detailed floor plan of the school building that shows that the building is divided into three separate areas for instruction in theory, practice work of senior students, and
- 5 practice work of junior students;
- 6 (2) a statement that the building is of permanent
- 8 has separate restrooms for male and female students, and is

construction, has a minimum of 3,500 square feet of floor space,

- 9 equipped with the materials and furnishings required by board rule;
- 10 and

- 11 (3) a statement that the building is fireproof.
- 12 (d) Each applicant shall furnish a surety bond in an amount
- of \$5,000, payable to the state and conditioned that it be used to
- 14 refund any tuition paid to the school if the school closes or
- 15 ceases operation before the courses of instruction are completed.
- 16 (e) Each school shall maintain a daily student attendance
- 17 record. Each school shall maintain a copy of its curriculum in a
- 18 conspicuous location and shall verify that the curriculum is
- 19 followed.
- 20 (f) Each school shall be under the direct supervision and
- 21 direction of a person who holds a cosmetology instructor license
- 22 issued under this Act. A school shall maintain on its staff and on
- 23 duty during business hours at least two cosmetology instructors.
- 24 If student enrollment is less than 15, the school shall maintain on
- 25 its staff at least one instructor.
- 26 (g) A student is eligible for graduation from a private
- 27 beauty culture school on completion of a course of study of not

- 1 less than nine months and 1,500 hours of instruction.
- 2 (h) A student is eligible for graduation from a manicurist training program on completion of a course of study of not less 3 than four weeks and 150 hours of instruction. 4
- (i) A school may not receive compensation from a patron for 6 student work performed by a student who has not completed at least 7 10 percent of the hours of instruction required for a cosmetology operator license. Each school shall maintain in a conspicuous 8 place a roster of student pictures and the names of the students who are enrolled in cosmetology courses. A school that violates 10 this subsection is subject to suspension or revocation of its 11 permit. 12
- A private beauty culture school, beauty shop, 13 specialty shop may not be conducted on the same premises unless 14 they are separated by solid walls of permanent construction. 15
- Sec. 21. BARBER STUDENTS; BARBER TECHNICIAN PERMIT. 16
- (a) The board shall adopt rules relating to the regulation of the 17 practice of barbering by students enrolled in a course of 18
  - (b) The board may issue a permit to practice as a barber technician to a person who has worked not less than 30 days at a barber school regulated under this Act. The person must present satisfactory evidence to the board that the person is competent in shampooing, manipulations, making appointments, preparing patrons, and sterilizing tools and that the person understands the basic requirements of the barber laws of this state. The person is entitled to a barber technician permit on presentation of the

instruction at a barber school.

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- 1 evidence and payment of a permit fee.
- 2 (c) A barber technician may assist a licensed barber in
- 3 shampooing and in sterilizing tools used in a barber shop. A
- 4 licensed barber shall personally supervise the work of a barber
- 5 technician.
- 6 Sec. 22. COSMETOLOGY STUDENT PERMIT; TRANSFER OF HOURS. (a)
- 7 Each cosmetology student enrolled in a private beauty culture
- 8 school or a public school cosmetology program is required to hold a
- 9 student permit. The permit shall state the name of the student and
- 10 the name of the school. The board shall issue the student permit
- on submission of an application form prescribed by the board and
- 12 payment of a nonrefundable permit fee. The school shall display
- 13 the permits at the school.
- 14 (b) A cosmetology student may transfer completed hours of
- 15 instruction to another school on submission to the executive
- 16 director of the board of a transcript certified by the school in
- 17 which the instruction was given that lists the number and courses
- of completed hours. On evaluation and approval of the transcript,
- 19 the executive director shall certify in writing to the student and
- 20 to the school to which the student desires to transfer that the
- 21 stated hours and courses have been completed and that the student
- 22 is not required to repeat those courses of instruction.
- 23 (c) A cosmetology student is entitled to a pro rata refund
- of tuition if the student becomes physically unable to complete the
- 25 courses of instruction.
- Sec. 23. BARBER SHOP LICENSE. (a) A person may not own,
- operate, or manage a barber shop unless the person holds a barber

- 1 shop license issued under this Act.
- 2 (b) A person who opens a barber shop must submit a written
  3 application to the board for a temporary barber shop license not
  4 later than the third day after the date on which the person opens
  5 the shop. The application must be accompanied by the inspection
  6 fee set as provided by this Act and must include the permanent
  7 address of the shop, a legal description of the premises, and any
- 8 other information required by the board.
- 9 (c) The board shall issue a barber shop license to an applicant who holds a barber operator license and whose shop meets the minimum health rules adopted by the board and by the Texas 12 Department of Health. The licensee shall display the barber shop license in a conspicuous place in the shop. Each barber shop must 14 be under the direct supervision and control of a person who holds a barber operator license issued under this Act.
- A barber shop license is not transferable. If ownership 16 17 of a shop is transferred to another person, the new owner must 18 apply for a license not later than the 30th day after the date on 19 which the ownership is transferred. A licensee who wishes to move the shop to a different location may move the shop after obtaining 20 21 board approval for the new location and by notifying the board of the move not later than 10 days before the proposed date of the 22 23 move.
- 24 (e) Each barber shop license issued under this Act expires
  25 on July 1 of each odd-numbered year. A licensee may renew the
  26 license by applying for renewal to the board and by paying the
  27 renewal fee set by the board.

- 1 Sec. 24. BEAUTY SHOP LICENSE. (a) A person who holds a beauty shop license may maintain an establishment in which 2 3 practice of cosmetology is performed. An applicant for a beauty shop license must submit a verified application to the board on a 5 form prescribed by the board, accompanied by the license fee set by 6 the board. The board shall issue a license to each applicant who presents evidence of compliance with the rules of the board and who 8 pays the fee.
- 9 (b) Each beauty shop licensed under this Act must be under 10 the direct supervision and control of a person who holds a cosmetology operator license issued under this Act.
- 12 Sec. 25. SPECIALTY SHOP LICENSE. (a) A person who holds specialty shop license may maintain an establishment in which only 13 a practice of cosmetology that is regulated under Section 16 of 14 15 this Act is performed. An applicant for a specialty shop license must submit a verified application to the board on a form 16 prescribed by the board, accompanied by the license fee set by the 17 18 The board shall issue a license to each applicant who 19 presents evidence of compliance with the rules of the board and who 20 pays the fee.
- 21 (b) Each specialty shop licensed under this Act must be 22 under the direct supervision and control of a person who holds a 23 cosmetology operator license, barber operator license, or specialty 24 certificate issued under this Act.
- Sec. 26. DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION OF LICENSE,
  CERTIFICATE, OR PERMIT. After a hearing, the board may deny,
  suspend, or revoke a license, certificate, or permit issued under

- this Act, or may otherwise discipline a person regulated under this
- 2 Act, if the person:
- 3 (1) obtained or attempted to obtain a license, certificate,
- 4 or permit by fraud or deception;
- 5 (2) engages in gross malpractice in practicing barbering or
- 6 cosmetology;
- 7 (3) is negligent in practicing barbering or cosmetology;
- 8 (4) advertises, practices, or attempts to practice barbering
- 9 or cosmetology under another person's name or trade name;
- 10 (5) advertises in a manner that tends to deceive or defraud
- 11 the public; or
- 12 (6) engages in conduct punishable under Section 27 of this
- 13 Act.
- Sec. 27. PENALTY. (a) A person commits an offense if the
- person is subject to regulation under this Act and knowingly or
- intentionally violates Section 11 of this Act.
- 17 (b) A person commits an offense if the person knowingly or
- 18 intentionally violates a requirement imposed under this Act or
- 19 under a rule adopted under this Act.
- 20 (c) An inspector or other employee of the board may not sell
- 21 barber or cosmetology supplies or engage in any other business for
- 22 profit with a person regulated under this Act.
- 23 (d) An offense under this section is a Class A misdemeanor.
- Sec. 28. APPLICATION OF SUNSET ACT. The board is subject to
- 25 the Texas Sunset Act (Article 5429k, Vernon's Texas Civil
- 26 Statutes). Unless continued in existence as provided by that Act,
- 27 the board is abolished and this Act expires effective September 1,

1 1989.

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Sec. 29. COMPLAINT INFORMATION. Each person who holds a license or certificate issued under this Act must prominently display in the principal office or location in which the person practices a sign provided by the board that contains the name, mailing address, and telephone number of the board and a statement informing consumers that a complaint against such a person may be directed to the board.

SECTION 2. ADVISORY COMMITTEE; REPORT. (a) Not later than October 15, 1987, the Texas Board of Barber and Cosmetology Examiners shall appoint an advisory committee composed of board The advisory committee shall be composed of two members who represent the interests of barbers and who are chosen by the barber members of the board, two members who represent interests of cosmetologists and who are chosen from the cosmetologist members of the board, and two members who represent the interests of the general public and who are chosen by the presiding officer of the board. A public member designated by the presiding officer shall serve as chairman of the advisory committee. The associate commissioner for occupational education and technology of the Central Education Agency shall serve as an ex officio member of the committee with full voting privileges.

(b) The advisory committee shall develop recommendations for the Sunset Advisory Commission and the 71st Legislature relating to statutory and other changes required in order to establish a long-term effective structure for the combined regulation of barbers and cosmetologists. Any structure proposed by the

- 1 committee shall provide for the least restrictive regulatory
- 2 program that protects the public.
- 3 (c) The advisory committee shall develop recommendations
- 4 relating to:
- 5 (1) the structure and composition of the board's
- 6 policy-making body;
- 7 (2) the structure, operation, and staffing of the board;
- 8 (3) appropriate standards for the licensure of individuals,
- 9 shops, and schools; and
- 10 (4) appropriate board enforcement authority.
- 11 (d) The advisory committee shall prepare an interim report
- 12 relating to its activities and findings and shall submit the
- 13 interim report to the Sunset Advisory Commission not later than
- June 1, 1988 The advisory committee shall submit its final report
- to the 77th Legislature not later than February 1, 1989.
- 16 SECTION 3. ABOLITION OF BARBER BOARD. (a) The State Board
- of Barber Examiners is abolished.
- 18 (b) Chapter 65, Acts of the 41st Legislature, 1st Called
- 19 Session, 1929 (Article 8407a, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), is
- 20 repealed.
- 21 SECTION 4. ABOLITION OF COSMETOLOGY COMMISSION. (a) The
- 22 Texas Cosmetology Commission is abolished.
- 23 (b) Chapter 1036, Acts of the 62nd Legislature, Regular
- 24 Session, 1971 (Article 8451a, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), is
- 25 repealed.
- 26 SECTION 5. REPEAL. Articles 8402, 8403, 8404, 8405, 8406,
- 27 and 8407, Revised Statutes, are repealed.

- 1 SECTION 6. INITIAL APPOINTMENTS. In making the initial
- 2 appointments to the Texas Board of Barber and Cosmetology
- 3 Examiners, the governor shall designate four members for terms
- 4 expiring in 1989, four members for terms expiring in 1991, and four
- 5 members for terms expiring in 1993.
- 6 SECTION 7. EFFECTIVE DATE; TRANSITION. (a) This Act takes
- 7 effect September 1, 1987.
- 8 (b) A person who holds a license, permit, or certificate
- 9 under the law in effect until September 1, 1987, may continue to
- 10 practice under that license, permit, or certificate until September
- 11 1, 1988, and the prior law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 12 (c) Any appropriations made by the 70 th Legislature to the
- 13 State Board of Barber Examiners or to the Texas Cosmetology
- 14 Commission are transferred to the Texas Board of Barber and
- 15 Cosmetology Examiners on the effective date of this Act.
- 16 (d) The employees of the State Board of Barber Examiners and
- 17 the Texas Cosmetology Commission become employees of the Texas
- 18 Board of Barber and Cosmetology Examiners on the effective date of
- 19 this Act. After that date, those employees serve at the pleasure
- 20 of the board.
- 21 SECTION 8. EMERGENCY. The importance of this legislation
- 22 and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an
- 23 emergency and an imperative public necessity that the
- 24 constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several
- days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

H. B. No. <u>2327</u>

By Cher Ham

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

## AN ACT

Relating to the regulation of barbers, cosmetologists, and certain hair care shops and salons: providing penalties.

certain hair	care shops and salons: providing penalties.
MAR 1 3 1987	1. Filed with the Chief Clerk.
MAR 30 1987	2. Read first time and/Referred to committee on-
*,	3. Reported favorably (as amended) and sent to Printer at
	4. Printed and distributed at
	5. Sent to Committee on Calendars at
	6. Read second time (amended); passed to third reading (failed) by (Non-Record Vote) (Record Vote of yeas, nays, nays, present, not voting).
	7. Motion to reconsider and table the vote by which H.B was ordered engrossed prevailed (failed) by a (Non-Record Vote) (Record Vote of yeas, nays, and present, not voting).
•	8. Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days suspended (failed to suspend) by a four-fifths vote of yeas, nays, and present, not voting.

	9. Read	third time (amende	ed); finally passed (fai	led) by (Non-Reco	rd Vote) (Record Vot
	of	yeas,	nays,	present, n	ot voting).
	_ 10. Captio	on ordered amended	d to conform to body	of bill.	
	prevar	ied (falled) by a (N	d table the vote by on-Record Vote) (Record Vote).	which H. B ord Vote of	was finally passed yeas,
	_ 12. Ordere	ed Engrossed at		-	
	. 13. Engro	ssed.			
	. 14. Returr	ned to Chief Clerk a	t		
	. 15. Sent to	Senate.			
				Chief Clerk of	the House
	16. Receive	ed from the House			
	. 17. Read, r	referred to Commit	tee on		
	18. Report	ed favorably			
	19. Report	ed adversely, with ne.	favorable Committee	Substitute; Comm	nittee Substitute read
	20. Ordered	not printed.			
<u></u>	21. Regular	order of business s	•	oce vote.)	

	22. To permit consideration, reading and passage, Senate and Constitutional Rules suspended by vote of yeas, nays.					
	23. Read second time passed to third reading by:  (a viva voce vote.)  ( yeas, nays.)					
	24. Caption ordered amended to conform to body of bill.					
	25. Senate and Constitutional 3-Day Rules suspended by vote of yeas, nays to place bill on third reading and final passage.					
	26. Read third time and passed by  (a viva voce vote.)  ( yeas, nays.)					
OTHER ACTION:	OTHER ACTION:					
	Secretary of the Senate					
	_ 27. Returned to the House.					
	28. Received from the Senate (with amendments.) (as substituted .)					
	29. House (Concurred) (Refused to Concur) in Senate (Amendments) by a (Non-Record Vote) (Record Vote of yeas, nays, present, not voting).					
	30. Conference Committee Ordered.					
	21. Conference Committee Report Adopted (Rejected) by a (Non-Record Vote) (Record Vote of yeas, nays, and present, not voting).					
	32 Ordered Enrolled at					

i n LEET